Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

CONTENTS.

PAGE.

I. PARK AREAS AND OPEN SPACES IN AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN CITIES. *By E. R. L. Gould, Ph. D.* . . . 49–61

TABLES.

Comparative growth of urban and non-urban population, 1850–1880 49
Open spaces in certain European cities 56
Open spaces in certain American cities 57
American and European cities compared in respect to number of inhabitants per acre of open space . . . 58
Relative rank of American and European cities in respect to small open spaces per one thousand population 59

II. KEY TO THE PUBLICATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES CENSUS, 1790–1887, WITH OCCASIONAL REFERENCES TO OTHER STATISTICAL WORKS. *By Edward Clark Lunt, A. M.* 61–125

NOTE.—A full table of contents is given with this article in its appropriate place, in order that the monograph may be bound separately, if desired.